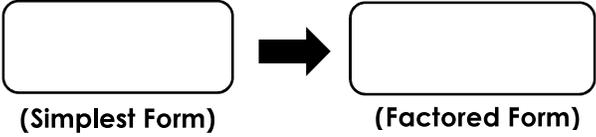


Name:	Date:
Topic:	Class:

Main Ideas/Questions	Notes/Examples			
WARM-UP	Directions: Simplify the following polynomials.			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> $a(3a + 7) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $-2m(m^2 + 6m - 1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $4x^3y(x^2 - 2y) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 			
WHAT IS FACTORING?				
	Polynomials that cannot be factored are called _____!			
FACTORING A GCF (Greatest Common Factor)	There are several factoring methods; the approach depends on the polynomial. We will start by identifying and factoring out the greatest common factor (GCF) of the polynomial.			
	Steps for Factoring a GCF:			
	<p>Step 1: Identify the GCF of the polynomial:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the coefficients for a GCF. Now look at the variables. A variable must be present in all terms to be a GCF. If a variable is present in all terms, take the one with the smallest exponent. <p>Step 2: Divide each term by the GCF and leave the remaining factors in parentheses</p> <p>Step 3: Check your work by distributing!</p>			
EXAMPLES	Directions: Factor each polynomial. Check your work by distributing. If a polynomial cannot be factored, write "prime."			
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1. $3x + 12$</td> <td>2. $7y - 7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. $8m + 36n$</td> <td>4. $5x + 30y$</td> </tr> </table>	1. $3x + 12$	2. $7y - 7$	3. $8m + 36n$
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3. $8m + 36n$	4. $5x + 30y$			

5. $6a^2 + 27$	6. $4y^2 - 24y$
7. $21cd - 3d$	8. $14gh - 18h$
9. $15a^2b - 30ab$	10. $16bc^2 + 24bc$
11. $ab - a$	12. $x^2y + 3xy$
13. $5x - 13y$	14. $18a^2bc^2 - 48abc^3$
15. $2x^2y - 2xy^2 + 4xy$	16. $9r^8 - 18r^2s - 24rs^2$
17. $6y^4 + 14y^3 - 10y^2$	18. $12a^5b^2 - 36a^4b^3 - 6a^2b^2$
19. $14gh^2 + 28gh + 14h$	20. $18x^2yz - 24xz^2 + 36yz^3$
21. $m^3n - m^2n^2 + 5mn^3$	22. $16xy^2 + 28xy + 8y$
23. $35a^2 - 20ab^2 + 15a$	24. $3a^3b^2c - 9a^2b^3c^2 + 15ab^4c^3$